



Atlantic Treaty Association - Association du Traité Atlantique

- NOTE -

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By Laura Hobeiche

At the Chicago Summit (May 20th, 2012) the Heads of States and Governments of NATO members tasked the North Atlantic Council to report on 9 topics. Below, please find an exhaustive list of tasks, as outlined in the Chicago Summit Declaration.

#	Task	Main Topic	Paragraph Number
1	Report on the military planning process for the post-ISAF (International Security Assistance Force) mission NATO is ready to train, advise and assist the ANSF, including the Afghan Special Operations Forces. (No combat missions).	Afghanistan Transition efforts	6
2	Report on tangible progress toward a democratic society for Afghanistan Specifically its 'transformation decade' beyond 2014. This includes the rule of law and good governance, transparency throughout upcoming elections, fight against corruption, human rights and fundamental freedoms for all persons, gender equality and participation.	Afghanistan Transition efforts	7 & 8
3	Review of the Strategic Options for Operation Active Endeavour. Review of the future of the Operation.	Mediterranean and operations	15
4	Progress report on policy and action plan on implementation of UNSCR 1325 on Women, Peace & Security Report on practical implications of UNSCR 1325 for the conduct of NATO operations and missions. Further integrate gender perspectives into Alliance activities. Submit a report for the next Summit.	Gender Equality	16
5	Report on effectiveness of cooperation with EU Particularly in the areas of air-to-air refueling, medical support, maritime surveillance and training. Continued dialogue between Security General and EU High Representative. Report due for the next summit.	Partnerships	20



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6	<p>Joint training, exercises and information exchange between NATO and its partner forces. To maintain interoperability & interconnectedness including while not engaged in active operations.</p>	Partnerships	24
7	<p>Prepare an Action Plan to further enhance NATO's ability to prevent, deter, and respond to terrorism by identifying initiatives to enhance threat awareness, capabilities, and engagement.</p>	Deterrence & Defense	51
8	<p>Interim report on progress in the area of energy security (produce report for the next Summit) Enhance consultations and cooperation with partners and other international actors and energy security considerations in NATO's policies and activities.</p>	Energy Security	52
9	<p>Comprehensive progress report on implementation of the Interim NATO BMD capability (for missile defense), of the issues to be addressed for future development. (Before and after the Foreign and Defence Ministers' meetings) The interim NATO BMD capability will provide maximum coverage possible to defend the populations, territory and forces across southern NATO Europe against a ballistic missile attack.</p>	Deterrence & Defense	60 - 61
10	<p>Progress report on NATO reforms package NATO command structure, Headquarters, Agencies and Resource Management.</p>	NATO Reforms	64

In the 2012 Chicago Summit declaration, fully operational capabilities (FOC) were also declared. These include:

1	<p>The NATO Computer Incident Response Capability (NCIRC), involving protection of most sites and users, will be in place by the end of 2012. Cyber defense commitments made at the Lisbon Summit were reaffirmed including continued implementation of the Cyber Defense Concept, Policy, and Action Plan.</p>	Cyber Security	49
2	<p>The BMD Capability (for missile defense across NATO) is expected to be fully operational by 2018.</p>	Deterrence & Defense	60-61



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Key Defense capabilities toward *NATO Forces 2020* were further elaborated in the Deterrence and Defense Posture Review (DDPR), and in the Summit Declaration on Defense Capabilities (SDDC). They are indicated in the following chart:

1	<p>NATO Forces 2020 The purpose of this goal is to build modern, tightly connected forces equipped, trained, exercised and commanded so that they can operate together with partners in any environment. This goal also ensures that the Alliance continues to have the capabilities needed to perform the essential core tasks outlined in the '2010 Strategic Concept' which are collective defense, crisis management, and cooperative security.</p>	Deterrence & Defense	(DDPR) 16
2	<p>The DDPR ensures an appropriate mix of conventional, nuclear and missile defense capabilities NATO will continue to implement Strategic-Level Policy for Preventing the Proliferation of WMDs and Defending Against Chemical, Biological, Radiological and Nuclear (CBRN) Threats. NATO is also prepared to consider, in the context of reciprocal steps by Russia, further reductions in non-strategic nuclear weapons assigned to it.</p>	Deterrence & Defense	(DDPR) 26, 31-32
3	<p>The Alliance Ground Surveillance (AGS) system will move forward. This capability pools resources from 28 Allies in order to provide crucial intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance information to military commanders so they can monitor developing situations and identify potential threats. The AGS system provides better security for every Ally at a lower cost.</p>	Deterrence & Defense	(SDDC) 4
4	<p>Air Policing Mission in the Baltic states. Participating allies are committed to the continuation of collective defense and solidarity.</p>	Deterrence & Defense	(SDDC) 4